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Examining How Media Platforms Affect the Impact of Akili and Me in Northern Nigeria

A Randomized Control Trial in Northern Nigeria

Read the full study here

Reference citation: Borzekowski et al. (2023)



Objective

To explore how different media platforms (video, radio, print) impact the educational outcomes and content receptivity of young children in Northern Nigeria.



Participants

Number: 393 pre-primary children **Demographics:** 46.3% girls, 53.7% boys **Average age:** 5.1 years (SD = 0.8)

Age Distribution: 26.2% (3-4 years), 35.7% (5 years),

36.2% (6-7 years)



Methodology

Type:

Randomized Control Trial (RCT)



Procedure:

Participants were randomly assigned to one of four groups: control, print, radio, and video.

The intervention involved a 15-minute exposure to Akili and Me content through different media platforms.

Performance assessment on various educational constructs before and after the intervention. intervention.

Location: 8 government-owned public schools in Tarauni Local Government Area (LGA), Kano State, Nigeria.

Duration: Single 50-minute study session.



Assessment



Measured Outcomes:

- Literacy (Letter Identification)
- Numeracy (Counting and Number Identification)
- Handwashing Knowledge and Skills
- Occupation Identification
- Receptivity to Akili and Me content

Control Variables:

Gender

Age

Baseline Scores





Results - Improvements in Measured Areas:

Literacy: Small gains in letter recognition, with "Oo" identified by 51.1% at endline (up from 47.3%).

Numeracy: Almost all students could count two flags, **improving slightly from 92.6% to 95.2%.**

Handwashing: Knowledge of the handwashing song increased from 14% to 18.6%, with better sequencing of steps (55.2% to 63.1%).

Occupation: Most students identified common jobs like farmers (75.3%) and musicians (73%), with 90.1% recognizing a football player.

Receptivity: More children could name Akili and Me characters at endline (2.1) compared to baseline (1.78).

Appeal: 86.3% liked Akili and Me, with **Akili being the favourite character** for 75.3% of students.



Conclusion

- 1. Learning can occur across various platforms, making educational content accessible regardless of media.
- 2. For educational media producers, especially in regions with limited access to broadcast television, considering diverse content delivery platforms (print, radio, video) is essential.





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